***KOTHARI COMMISSION***

In post independent India to re-organize and reconstruct entire education system the Indian Education Commission was consisted in the year 1964 under the President ship of the then President of UGC Dr. D.S.Kothari along with other members. This Commission look after, observed, assessed the entire education system from primary to higher level submitted its report along with suggestions in the year 1966.By following the name of Kothari, this commission is also known as Kothari commission in the history of Indian education. This commission viewed that ***THE DESTINY OF INDIA IS SHAPED IN ITS CLASSROOM.*** It laid importance in solving the problems of education related to-----

1. Educated unemployment
2. Political Development
3. Unity in respect of social and political aspects
4. Independency regarding food production

Following are some of the aims of education that are pointed out by this commission :---------

1. ***INCREASING PRODUCTIVITY:---*** It recommended that education should increase productivity and utilization of resources. For this science education, work experience, vocational education should make a part of it.
2. ***ACCELERATING MODERNIZATION:***- To keep pace with the other advanced countries of the world our country must also be modernized. To attain this there should be radical changes in educational system. Curriculum, teaching method of education etc. should developed. The need of hour is to spread education as to produce skilled citizens, development of proper interest, attitudes and values.
3. ***CULTIVATING SOCIAL MORAL AND SPIRITUAL VALUES :-*** For all round development of personality physical and mental development, cultivation of social , moral and spiritual values is necessary. Secularism should be practiced and no religious instruction be given in the schools. Instead moral education should be given to build up character of young students.